

EUROPEAN NEIGHBORHOOD
AND PARTNERSHIP INSTRUMENT
(ENPI) EAST COUNTRIES FOREST
LAW ENFORCEMENT AND
GOVERNANCE (FLEG) II PROGRAM
COMPLEMENTARY MEASURES FOR
ARMENIA AND GEORGIA











This Program is co-funded by the Austrian Development Agency (ADA) with funds of Austrian Development Cooperation and the European Union (EU), and implemented by the World Bank in partnership with IUCN and WWF

ENPI FLEG II in Georgia - Successes and Lessons Learned How to Move Forward?

Marika Kavtarishvili, IUCN ENPI FLEG Country Program
Coordinator, Georgia
Yerevan, July 4, 2016

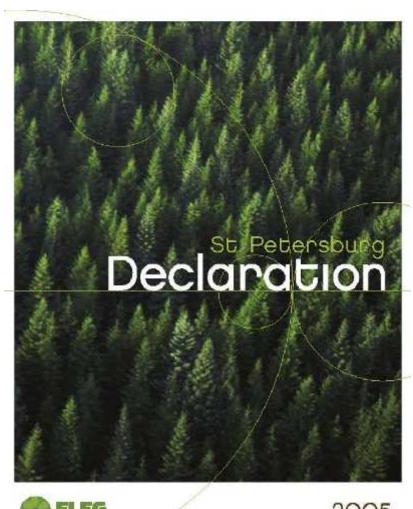
Presentation Structure

- **➤** About FLEG program
- > Key Successes
- > Lessons learned
- Our future plans



About FLEG Program - A bit of History

- 2005 St. Petersburg Ministerial conference;
- Representatives of 44 governments (ENA);
- The St.Petersburg Declaration signed: committing governments to address illegal logging and improve forest governance





2005

The Two ENPI FLEG Programs

ENPI FLEG I:

- In 2008, the EC, the World Bank, WWF and IUCN teamed up to implement the first ENPI FLEG Program
- Timeframe: 2008-2012;
- Budget: 6 million EUR.

ENPI FLEG II:

- The ENPI Forest Law Enforcement and Governance II (FLEG II) Program supports good forest governance, sustainable forest management and forest protection in the ENPI East region;
- Timeframe: 2012-2016;
- Budget: 9 million EUR.

ENPI East FLEG II Explained

- European Neighborhood and Partnership Instrument (ENPI) East
 Countries Forest Law Enforcement and Governance (FLEG) II Program
- Promotes sustainable forest governance, management, and protection, ensuring the contribution of the region's forests to climate change adaptation and mitigation, to ecosystems and biodiversity protection, and to sustainable livelihoods and income sources for local populations and national economies
- FLEG II is funded by the EU and ADC/ADA (in Georgia and Armenia) and implemented by the WB, WWF and IUCN

Program Priorities

- Improving Forest Law and Policy
- Improving sustainable forest management
- Improving sustainable use of forest resources
- Human resource capacity building
- Increasing communication/visibility and raising awareness

Program Partners:

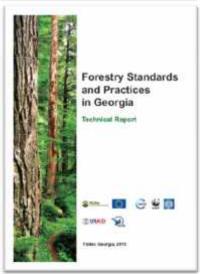
- Ministry of Environment and Natural Resources Protection of Georgia: National Forestry Agency, Forest Policy Service, Agency of Protected Areas, Environmental Information and Education Center;
- Target municipalities;
- NGO sector/Civil Society;
- Other key parties.

Presentation structure

- > About FLEG program
- **Key Successes of the Program:**
- Reports and analysis establishing base for sustainable forest management;
- Human resource capacity building work with media and state forestry authorities;
- Increasing communication/visibility and raising awareness.
- Lessons learned
- > Our future plans

- Media Monitoring Report(2)
- FAO Model Code of Forest Harvesting
- Forestry Standards and Practices in Georgia
- Impacts of Illegal Logging on Rural Population of Georgia









Support local forest governance in Georgia (on the case of Tusheti Protected Landscape):

- Baseline study for forest management in the area has been conducted;
- Methodology for forest management planning has been developed;



Forest Management in Tusheti Protected Landscape

IUCN Caucasus Cooperation Center





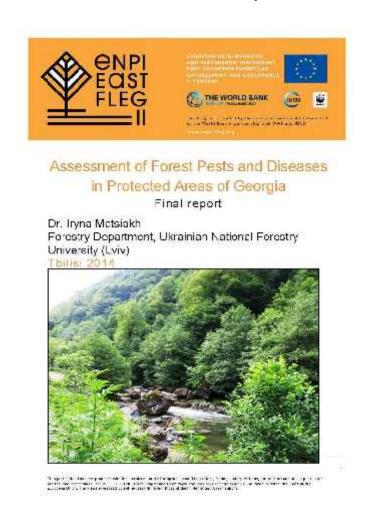
Opportunities and Challenges for Communal Forestry in Georgia

On the case of Tusheli Protected Landscape

Merab Machavariani Tbilisi, December 2014



Assessment of forest pests and diseases in Georgia:





Assessment of Forest Pests and Diseases in Native Boxwood Forests of Georgia Final report

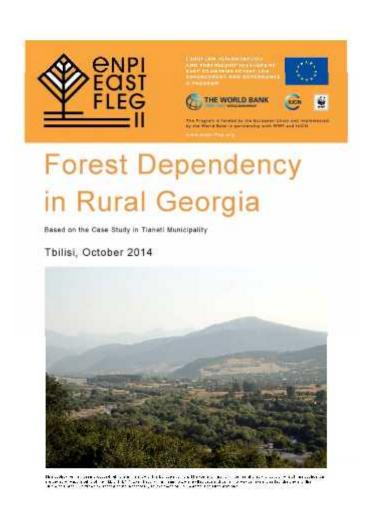
Dr. Iryna Matsiakh Forestry Department, Likrainian National Forestry University (Lviv)

Thillist 2016



Study on Forest Dependency of local population Georgia:

- Tianeti
- Akhaltsikhe
- Akalkalaki
- Chokhatauri



Assessment of Firewood Consumption and Firewood Production Potential in Georgia:

- Firewood is the main source of heating;
- Its share as a fuel source ranges from 75-96% by region.



Executive Summary

Assessment of Firewood Consumption and Firewood Production Potential in Georgia

CENN – Caucasus Environmental NGO Network March 2016



Human resource capacity building

FLEG I:

Trainings for journalists
Media tours
Media seminars
Collection of photo/ video materials
Preparation of movie clips, articles, blogs etc.

FLEG II:

First ever cooperation between Judiciary and Protected Area authorities:

Training for the protected area Rangers/Law enforcement















FLEG II:

First ever cooperation between Judiciary and Protected Area authorities

Capacity of state officials in forest law enforcement enhanced through hands-on training





FLEG II:

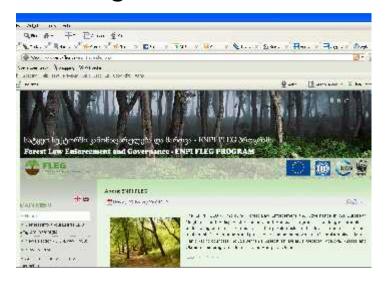
First ever cooperation between Judiciary and Protected Area authorities

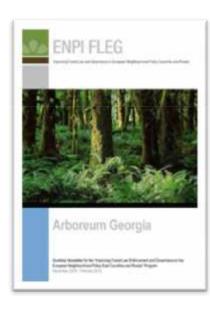
Capacity of state officials in forest law enforcement enhanced through hands-on training

Increasing communication/visibility and raising awareness

FLEG I: Georgian web site of ENPI FLEG, Quarterly newsletters,

mailing list, Facebook etc.





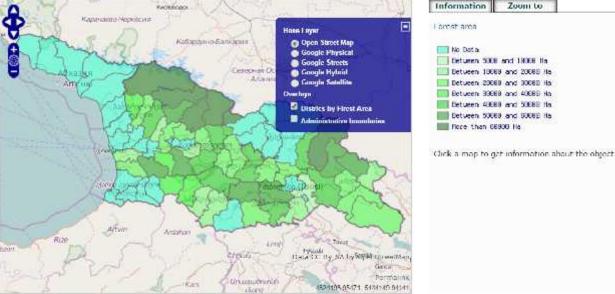




Increasing communication/visibility and raising awareness



FLEG II: GeoForestPortal http://enpi-fleg.ge/geoforestportal/index.php/en/



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- > Key Successes of the Program:
- Reports and analysis establishing base for sustainable forest management;
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- Increasing communication/visibility and raising awareness.
- Lessons learned/Our future plans

The most valuable lessons learned

- Production of analytical reports, provision of expert advice and facilitation of knowledge transfer through FLEG Program proved capable of making change towards better forest governance in the country
- FLEG Program has been instrumental in fueling cooperation among various sectoral stakeholders, facilitating consensus on key issues, and boosting exchange among professionals of FLEG countries.
- FLEG Program safeguarded continuity of reform and sectoral transformation processes through the years of exceptional managerial turnover in the National Forest Agency.

What are our plans?

- Building on FLEG experience using the solid information and data gathered by FLEG and providing continuous support to the state forest sector;
- Utilizing IUCN's experience in Forest Landscape Restoration (FLR)
- Step by step and natural transition of FLEG to Forest Landscape Restoration initiative;

